





## The virome of *Chrysanthemum* at the service of varietal recovery

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EUROPEAN UNION



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- In Italy the chrysanthemum market at national level is divided as follows: chrysanthemums grown for 12 months a year (programmed) and single-stemmed uniflora varieties produced and marketed for the All Souls celebration.
- The chrysanthemum is susceptible to virus and viroid infections that can be transmitted by insects, cultural practices, contact with infected plants or by seed.
- For these pathogens there is no cure, only preventive control. The vegetative propagation in chrysanthemum causes the transmission of infections to the new cuttings and leads to pathogens accumulation, reduction of the vigor of the plant and heavy symptomatology in plants, leaves and flowers.



Dilana, Snowdon and Turner varieties of chrysanthemum are still required by the Italian market, however, they have lost the intrinsic positive characteristics of the variety due to the viral diseases spread by the continuous agamic propagation.



DILANA



**SNOWDON** 



TURNER



DIAGNOSIS OF VIRUSES AND VIROIDS -> through Next Generation Sequencing techniques, hunting for known and new viral forms affecting plants and serving for controls in new molecular diagnostic assays for the control of restored plants

- RESTORATION OF VARIETIES -> the plants will be placed in vitro, heat treated, and the meristems will be collected and micropropagated
- VIRUS-FREE CHECK -> analysis of the absence of viruses in the micropropagated material
- CHRYSANTHEMUM ACCLIMATIZATION -> The restored plants will be set in an insect-proof greenhouse to obtain a pool of mother plants used for the production of agamic material



#### **VIROME CHARACTERIZATION**

#### SAMPLES COLLECTION



**DILANA variety - red and yellow** Sampled in november 2017 and december 2021 White/chlorotic interveinal areas, redness, chlorosis, leaf curling





TURNER variety – red, white and yellow Sampled in november 2019 and december 2021 Stunting, leaf deformation, necrosis

**SNOWDON variety – white and yellow** Sampled in november 2017 and december 2021 - Mosaic and necrosis, chlorosis, leaf deformation, redness



#### PIPELINE FOR THE VIROME ANNOTATION AND VARIETY CHECK







#### **RESTORATION OF VARIETIES**

EtOH 70% x 20" + NaClO 2% x 20' + 2 rinsed in H<sub>2</sub>O x 10'

**CUTTING OF LEAVES** 



2 WEEKS **Murashige Skoog** salt and vitamins (MS) substrate **IN VITRO ESTABLISHMENT** 

AFTER





MS + BA 1 mg/l + IAA 0.1 mg/l





REGENERATION

**CULTURE OF MERISTEMS** 

THERMOTERAPY AT 37 °C (2 weeks)



# VIRUS CHECK IN RECOVERED IN VITRO PLANTS DESIGN OF MOLECULAR DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS ACCLIMATIZATION TEST

However, a first in vitro rooting induction test was performed



IN VITRO ROOTING INDUCTION

MS salt and vitamins without hormones















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